

School of Agriculture CLARESHOLM

(Under the Provincial Department of Agriculture)

Term Opens October 26th, 1927**BOYS**

Course in Agriculture—Animal Husbandry, Field Husbandry, Carpentry and Blacksmithing, Farm Machinery, Dairying, Poultry, English, Mathematics, etc.

GIRLS

Course in Home Economics—Lectures and Practical Work in Cooking, Sewing, Home Nursing and other household subjects, Dairying, Poultry, English, Mathematics, etc.

No Tuition Fees. Every boy or girl 16 years of age or over may attend.

School Calendar mailed on request. Residence for Girls.
S. H. GANDIER, Principal.

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Clareholm, Alta.

THE WALL OF CHINA

In 214 B.C., the Chinese commenced building the Great Wall, which isolated their country from the rest of the world and helped retard their national progress.

The business man who maintains a wall of "dignified reserve" towards the buying public is just as surely retarding his own business growth.

Your advertisement in The Review-Advertiser would be a standing invitation to your store. When our readers open up their paper do they see your "bid"?

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CLARESHOLM

**Agent for Alberta Granite,
Marble & Stone Co. Limited**

**Fine Memorials, Copings,
Fences, Candy Slabs.**

Freight paid to Clareholm.

We guarantee what we sell.

Let me give you estimate on your new home, either Stucco or Concrete Block. Service and durability guaranteed.

Clareholm Local News

Kenneth Smith has gone to Calgary to attend Normal School.

Walter Ferrier is a patient in the local hospital since Monday last.

Miss Amy Mullin left Monday to attend Normal School at Calgary.

J. H. Davies has taken over the dairy business from Chester Laing.

Edward Hutchison was able to return home from the hospital on Thursday.

Hubert Hill was sufficiently recovered to leave the hospital on Wednesday.

R. S. McDonald and family motored to Calgary Sunday to visit relatives.

Miss Bertha Strangways left this week from Edmonton, to attend Alberta University.

Diedrich Diekmeyer went to Edmonton the first of the week to attend Alberta University.

Bebe Daniels in "Senorita" at the Rex theater Friday and Saturday nights this week. Story and screen play by John Meehan.

J. R. Watt was chosen delegate from this district to the national Conservative convention, which meets at Winnipeg on Monday next.

Schools reopened in Clareholm on Monday. The Board of Health being convinced that danger of an outbreak of infantile paralysis is past.

Mrs. G. F. Barne has arrived this week from Detroit to join her husband, who is with the Clareholm Garage. They have secured rooms over the post office.

R. K. Peck is in town this week visiting relatives, shaking hands with old friends, and looking after interests here. He recently returned from London where he held a position in the government immigration bureau.

Rev. W. and Mrs. Barlow have returned from Toronto, where they shared in the anniversary celebration of Wyckoff college. Their son, Walter, who is pursuing his theological course at Wyckoff, left on Tuesday for the year's work.

The site south of the Beaver lumber yard has been decided upon for the Clareholm covered skating and curling rink. Hauling gravel for the concrete work has started. The contract calls for completion of the building by December 20.

S. W. Fleming, recently of Toronto, has bought an interest in the clothing and boot and shoe business of Thos. J. Thompson on Railway street. The firm will be known as Thompson & Fleming. They will greatly increase their stock along several lines.

The weather for the past week has been mostly unfavorable for harvesting operations. Snow commenced falling falling on Monday and about three inches of wet snow fell before it stopped on Wednesday. If we should have drying weather threshing can be resumed next week.

Sir Archibald C. MacDonell has been consoled to be the guest of the local St. Andrew's Society at their annual St. Andrew's Day banquet on 30th November, and to give an address to the members and their friends. Sir Archibald is a former member of the R. N. W. M. P. and a veteran of the South African and European wars and one of Canada's distinguished soldiers. He was formerly Commandant of the Royal Military College at Kingston.

MILLER—OLIVER

Stavely, Oct. 5.—Miss Rena Oliver and Roy Miller were united in marriage last week at Clareholm. Rev. R. W. Dalgleish officiating. Mr. Miller is well known in connection with the Calgary and other stampedes as a rider of bucking horses.

ARTHUR GRICE PASSES AWAY

Arthur Grice, well known farmer near Gamsone, Ontario, who developed a clot of blood on the Tuesday about noon, and died at 11:45 that night. He was 39 years of age.

The late Mr. Grice was born near Gamsone, Ontario, west of Clareholm 17 years ago. Besides his wife he leaves four sons, Milford, Harold, Donald and Thomas, and two daughters, Laura and Margaret, all at home.

The funeral service was held on Friday afternoon in the United church, Rev. R. W. Dalgleish conducting the service, assisted by Rev. Wm. Locke, formerly of Clareholm but now of Nanton. The service was very largely attended. Interment was made in Clareholm cemetery.

Milford Van Horne of Monitor, George Van Horne of Letbridge, and another brother of Mrs. Grice were here for the funeral. The late Mr. Grice was not only a successful farmer, but a man of the very finest type of character.

URGE FIRE PROTECTION BY THRESHERMEN

Attention of farmers and threshermen, especially those operating steam engines, is now being called to the provisions of the Prairie Fires Act which affect them, by Benj. Lawton, Chief Fire Inspector for the Province of Alberta. Mr. Lawton points out that in order to prevent the risk of serious conflagrations no engine shall be placed within thirty feet of any building or stack and that a metal pan of adequate size filled with water shall be placed under the engine as a receptacle for cinders and ashes.

All cinders and ashes shall be thoroughly extinguished before the engine is removed from any place where it has been in operation and a barrel of water and two buckets shall be placed conveniently to any stack of combustible material near the engine. A spark arrester in good repair shall be used and shall not be opened while the engine is in operation.

It is hoped that closer observance of these regulations will reduce the fire loss which occurs annually from this source.

BROWN—GATES

September 29, at 1 p.m., a very pretty wedding, was solemnized at Mrs. M. E. Hart's of Meadow Creek, when Elmer Lea Brown and Mabel Ellen Gates were united in marriage. Rev. Mr. Rae, of Granum, officiating. The bride is Mrs. Hart's grand-daughter.

The bride wore a crepe de chine salmon pink dress trimmed in gold and old rose. After the ceremony a bountiful dinner was served.

A few friends and near relatives were present.

The happy couple are returning to Oakesdale, Washington, where they expect to reside. They are stopping at Spokane for a few days, on their way home.

MALCHOW—McKERROW

Stavely, Oct. 5.—A quiet wedding was solemnized at the manse of the United Church, Macleod, the Rev. W. H. Irwin officiating, last week, when Frederick Carl Malchow, of Stavely, and Miss Anna McKerrrow, of Clareholm, were united in marriage.

Miss McKerrrow was a trained nurse for a number of years at Clareholm, where she has a large number of friends. For the past year she has been connected with the Rose hospital at Hillcrest, where she also leaves many friends. Mr. Malchow is a well known and prosperous farmer in this district, where, after a short honeymoon, the couple will be at home to their friends.

Toasting Time Is Here

If you have not tried Brooker's Quality Bread for your toast, you have missed a real treat, such a nutty flavor, makes it a real delicacy.

Whole Wheat, Raisin and White at 10 cts. per loaf.

Ask for Local Bread at your Grocers

CLARESHOLM BAKERY

The Wawanesa Mutual Insurance Company's policy has always been, since its organization thirty years ago, to give to its patrons fire protection, at the lowest possible cost, consistent with safety.

And we are pleased to announce that from now on the cash rate on farm buildings will be reduced 25c per \$100.00 for three years. This makes our cash rate \$1.25, or \$1.00 per \$100.00 if your house has lightning rods and basement chimney.

Our assessment note plan requires no money down. And this year the rate is fixed at 20% or 40c per \$100.00 for one year.

S. L. FRASER & SON

**Top Quality
Harness and Saddles,
Trunks, Bags, Fancy Leather Goods,
Gloves, Shirts, Socks, etc.**

Boots and Shoes for harvest.

**All kinds of Leather Repairs
a specialty.**

J. T. KINGSLEY

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An Independent Weekly Newspaper

F. H. SCHOLEY, Editor

Subscription Rates
 One year, in Canada \$2.00
 One year, to United States 2.50
 Single Copy 1c

DO YOU KNOW?

(Copyright 1927)

253. What Is New York's "Great White Way?"
254. Size and Value of Its Electric Signs?
255. The Farthest North Church on the Western Hemisphere?
256. How High in the Air Do Sounds Reach?
257. The Many Uses of Electricity on the Farm?
258. How Is Farm Use of Electricity Progressing?
259. The Principal Obstacles to Farm Electrification?

Correct answers given next week. See how many you can answer by that time.

ANSWERS TO LAST WEEK'S QUESTIONS

246. The Money Value of a Human Life?

One of the large insurance companies estimates \$2,000 to raise a child where the family in averages \$2,500; from 25 until death the man who earns such an income will earn \$31,000 above the cost of his own living; is worth that much to the community. A \$5,000-a-year man at 32 is worth \$9,100. On such a basis the average person, taking all ages together, is worth about \$13,000 to the community as a whole. Even from a selfish standpoint this should prompt us to the duty of doing everything possible to lessen the large number of deaths due entirely to preventable causes.

247. How Long Can Man Endure Hunger?

Children cannot endure hunger as long as adults who can hold out during a fast of 8 to 10 days, and much longer if water be taken. In certain mental troubles, especially melancholia, when food is often refused, the sufferer may fast 30 to 40 days. Dr. Tanner in his famous fast more than a generation ago partook of no food for 40 days; the Italian painter Merelli fasted 50 days, although he drank freely of water. Even wetting the skin with salt water is beneficial to shipwrecked sailors. I have survived for as long as four weeks, and endured winters for about as long.

248. How Long Can Animals Go Without Food?

The camel can go without water for weeks; the giant snakes without food for more than a year; mammals fast for months without food or drink during their winter hibernation, during which time their skin is so dry that it cracks and falls off; snakes, especially rattlesnakes, can live for 18 months, when placed in a vessel of water left their shells and crawled about. Cattle, horses and mules can go without food for 3 weeks; dogs and wolves for 3 weeks; rabbits 2 or 3 weeks; birds, guinea pigs and rats about one week. Cold-blooded vertebrates, especially amphibians (living both on land and in water) and reptiles can live without food for a year or longer.

249. What Is "Lloyd's" of London?

The greatest organization in the world in connection with commerce. Is Great Britain's outstanding marine insurance agency, shipping agency and betting club. An association of merchants, shipowners, underwriters and insurance brokers; has 1,000 active members, also associate members, outside subscribers, and agents scattered more or less over the entire world; headquarters in Royal Exchange, London. Each member acts individually, taking such risks as appeal to him. Premium income is 150 million dollars annually, 90 million from marine insurance and the remainder from almost every conceivable kind of insurance except life.

250. What Does Lloyd's Insure?

Lloyd's will give you odds on most anything. Their judgment is based on the dependable law of

averages, and they usually win. Paderewski insured his fingers. Mademoiselle Centre, the flower-herbicide; lecturers insured against sore throat; singers insured their voice, professional ball players their throwing arm. Much rash insurance is taken out, especially to cover outdoor amusements, theatrical performances, athletic contests, fairs, etc. The insurance is placed entirely by brokers, who pass a ship among the various underwriters, each subscribing his name and amount he will take or underwrite, until the total is complete.

251. A Brief History of Lloyd's? Originally a business and social gathering of merchants at the coffee house of Edward Lloyd in Tower street, London, the first notice of it appearing in the London Gazette, February 18, 1668 (227 years ago). In 1774 the institution removed to the Royal Exchange. In its 227 years Lloyd's has never failed to make payment. Each underwriting member is required to deposit securities to the value of \$25,000 or more as a guarantee of his engagements, and is held responsible for his losses to the full extent of his worldly possessions. The system is so arranged that no individual underwriter risks more than \$750 on any one vessel. There are other similar institutions, one being the North German Lloyd of Bremen.

252. The Importance of the Potato Crop?

The potato ranks next to the cereals as a food crop, and is third in the number of calories that can be grown on an acre of land, corn ranking first and sweet potatoes second. The potato is the most important vegetable crop grown in the U. S., and is eighth in the list of all crops in point of total value. The average per capita consumption is 3.5 to 4 bushels; average acreage 4 million, average production nearly 400 million bushels, or 100 bushels per acre. Annual value of crop about \$500,000,000. The largest potato growing states rank as follows: New York, Maine, Wisconsin, Maine, Pennsylvania.

YANKEES WIN FIRST THREE GAMES

Pittsburgh, Oct. 5.—The New York Yankees defeated the Pittsburgh Pirates 5 to 4 today in the opening game of the world's series. A record-breaking crowd, close to 45,000, looked on as the National League champions were sent to defeat, largely through a bad inning when the winners scored three runs on one hit, two errors and two bases on balls.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 6.—The New York Yankees made it two straight games without a defeat, pitching a 3-hit ball game today by winning the second world's series game 6 to 2. The Yanks were pitched to victory by George Pinyan, a newcomer to the classic, who held the Pirates to seven hits and was not hit during the game. Yankees gave him three runs in the third inning.

New York, Oct. 7.—In a game featured by sensational pitching by Herb Pennock, who won his fifth world's series game without a defeat, pitching a 3-hit ball game and a home run by Babe Ruth, the Yankees made it three straight from the Pittsburgh Pirates by winning today 8 to 1, before a crowd of 60,000 fans.

BRITISH PUBLISHERS SURPRISED

During August 95 publishers from Great Britain and the Colonies visited Canada. They were naturally interested in Canadian publications. While in Montreal many of them paid a visit to this big weekly, The Family Herald and Weekly Star, and received the surprise of their Canadian visitors when they learned that Canada had a weekly publication with a million of readers each week. Many of them knew The Family Herald in the Old Country, and were extremely interested to learn that such a wonderful paper, 72 pages each week, could be issued at one dollar a year. Yet it is done, and Canadians get the benefit. Newspaper, Family Magazine and Agricultural Journal, each the best of its kind and all in one, for such a small sum was certainly a surprise to the visitors.

The fifth annual Alberta Stock and Feeder Show will be held on October 17th, at Calgary, followed by an auction sale on the 18th, of all entries.

Home to the Old Country
for
Christmas - New Years

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to the

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CANADIAN PACIFIC

Low Fares

During December

TO THE SEABOARD

Leave Winnipeg 10.00 a.m.

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Dec. 6 - S.S. Montserrat, from St. John - Dec. 9 for Belfast, Glasgow, Liverpool
Dec. 11 - S.S. Montserrat, from St. John - Dec. 14 for Belfast, Glasgow, Liverpool
Dec. 12 - S.S. Montserrat, from St. John - Dec. 15 for Belfast, Glasgow, Liverpool

THROUGH SLEEPING CARS TO CONNECT WITH SPECIALS AT WINNIPEG WILL BE OPERATED FROM EDMONTON, CALGARY, SASKATOON, MOOSE JAW AND REGINA

For full particulars ask the Ticket Agent

E. H. MACK, Clareholm

CANADIAN PACIFIC

The
Welcome Sign

"Nobody asked you, sir," said the coy maiden. And in matters of buying, as well as in affairs of the heart, most people like to be "asked." Often, indeed, they insist on a proper invitation.

He is a wise merchant who keeps the welcome sign constantly before the community in the form of advertisements in The Review-Advertiser. There everybody sees it—for advertising is "the light of directed attention."

Speak up. Light up. Hundreds of good customers are listening for your message and watching for your welcome sign in The Review-Advertiser.

People Shop Where They Feel Welcome

Dr. A.D. MacGregor

DENTAL SURGEON

Miles Black Clareholm

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FOR SALE

Dahlia bulbs. Buy now and have ready when wanted in spring. Cheap.
 Mrs. Geo. Lepard, Phone 414.

FOR SALE

250 head of breeding ewes. Will sell in small bunches, or all together. Apply to Walter Clifton, Box 158, Grannum, or Phone R11-11, Grannum.

FOR SALE

Two sets heavy harness. Apply at Alex Hutchinson's blacksmith shop.

FOR SALE

Six room house, lathed and plastered, light and water; on four lots; stable that will hold six head horses; north end of Clareholm. Price \$18,000.00; \$500.00 cash, long time on balance. Write Box 140, Barons.

CHURCHES

UNITED CHURCH

"God can help anyone in need. He comes to men and women, boys and girls, in times of worship. He has a good word for you, the message you most need. The morning message will be 'The Glorious Gospel.' Boys and girls are invited to the service at 11, as well as the Sunday school at 12:15. At the evening service, 'Christ's challenge—Are you cowardly?' The prayer service topic on Wednesday evening will be on Prayer.

Rev. R. W. Dalgleish,

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH OF ENGLAND

Services will be held on Sunday October 9th, as follows:
 8 a.m.—Holy communion.
 11 a.m.—Morning service. Subject, "Till He Come."
 Preacher, Rev. W. Barlow, 1 Th. 12 o'clock—Sunday School and Bible Class.

7:30 p.m.—Evening service. Subject, "Men who dared to stand alone." Preacher, Rev. W. Barlow, 1 Th. Owing to the condition of the roads, service will be held morning and evening at Clareholm.

I would take this opportunity of inviting all our church members to try and be present at any one of the above services if you cannot get to all of them.

A hearty welcome will be given to any strangers.

The Ladies Guild will meet at the Parish Hall on October 19th at 3 p.m., and every two weeks until after the bazaar.

THE CHURCH OF THE NAZARENS

(Next door west of the Clareholm Garage)

Harvest Hands Wanted!

We invite you to our service.

Sunday:

10:30 a.m.—Sabbath School
 11:30 a.m.—Preaching service.
 7:30 p.m.—Song and evangelistic service.

Week Night Services

Tuesday, 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.

Friday, 8 p.m.—Bible study.

The people of Clareholm and the surrounding community having no regular church home will find a welcome with us.

A friendly place to worship.
 Rev. A. H. Eggleston, B.A., Minister.

British Lightships

One of Best Devices For Protection Of Mariners

Many and varied are the devices brought into use around the shores of the British Isles for the protection of mariners and others who go down to the sea in ships.

The dangers of the rocky shore, says a writer in "Answers," were originally inclined to passing ships by lanterns fixed high on the cliffs above. First lighting at each side, the wind fanned the flames and helped to keep a brilliant warning light. Although lightships have been frequently described and illustrated, the lightship is a much less familiar object in port. Yet those vessels have been employed to warn the mariner for but 200 years.

The lightship is a craft, with or without crew, which has moored in the vicinity of dangerous rocks, with lamps aloft and probably a bell on deck.

In 1831 a lightship to be employed without a crew was constructed for the Tyne. Its measurements being four feet long and eight feet wide, it was a twelve-foot boat. The light was oil-lamp, and could be maintained for three months at a time.

The most modern lightship has a hollow steel hull, which supports an up-to-date lighting arrangement. The old fashioned lamps have disappeared, instead is a large chamber, in which there is a lamp with pendulum attached. This lamp is set in an approximately even rock, however much the ship may rock under the force of wind and sea. A ladder runs up from the deck to the lamp, which leads to a raised platform, which is for the use of the man who tends and cleans the light.

As the ship possesses the fittings of an ordinary vessel.

In earlier times one of the great problems connected with wrecked lightships was communication between the crew and the shore. Telephone cables were used, but the lightship men being thus isolated and unable to give information. Here is one of the many cases in which the coming of wireless telegraphy saved a once-difficult problem.

As to the extent to which wireless has heightened the life of lightships and lightship men, this can be realized fully only by themselves.

Poorer Classes In India Wearing Shoes

Price Is Mostly Beyond Reach But Barefoot Is A Pining

Shoe fashions are in vogue in Bengal, India. Not so very long ago shoes were the insignia of modernism, and only those with pretensions to western education wore leather shoes. The majority much preferred the wooden chukka at home, and the poorer classes all wore barefooted. Now, the barefooted are pining, and all are becoming addicted to shoes.

The price of shoes is, however, beyond the reach of the poor, who do not want the old-fashioned slipper, embroidered or plain, that every "punch" makes, but the modern Oxford shoes. Only the extravagant among them indulge a pair of these shoes in their formal wardrobe, and the shoes are kept for use, weather permitting, on high days and holidays.

They are sparingly used, and when the wearer encounters a stream or a pool of slush that he must ford or not he invariably removes his shoes and goes barefooted.

Peasants in India generally regard footwear as an ornament, and shoes are not much in vogue among them. Of course, there are many persons wearing shoes, but these were, many twenty years ago, the price of shoes manufactured locally is still beyond the economic reach of the poorer classes in India.

Money In Checkers

With a checkboard, checkers and fifty dollars in the pocket, the winner of the Great War started out to win the world. He arrived in Shanghai recently on the President Jefferson. He had come from San Francisco, via Europe, and was on his third trip around the world. Checkers did it, he said. He plays for money, and takes on anybody for \$5 to \$100 per game. He travels first class too.

In Hawaii it is a penal offense to address the telephone operator in any other way than "Comrade" or "Citizen." In Germany and the United States, the telephone operator is allowed to tell her hair or wear jewelry.

He asks me to marry him, and I say, "I have a husband." He says, "I imagine he sits down and says, 'Well, I'll wait!'"

Be sure that you have an aim in life before pulling the trigger.

W. N. U. 1258

Keep Implements Clean

Cleaning Farm Tools Each Day Is Good Practice

Some people have the habit of cleaning up the implements and tools each day and putting them in their place, but far too many have gotten careless. First they clean the tools, but then they use them, and then they never think to scrape the dirt of the cultivator teeth, disc, or hoe.

It only takes a few minutes to scrape off any dirt which may have accumulated on the tools or implements in use. It certainly helps to prevent rust, and better work is done the following and succeeding days.

It is more or less a habit. One takes it as a matter of course to clean the tools at the end of the day and to put them where they can be found. It is an exceptionally good plan to bring the implements to the barn each night. If there is an object to back them into so much the better, it is a very little more trouble to hitch and unhitch in the barnyard than it is in the field. The same thing applies to the tools. They are not so heavy but that they can be carried up from the field each night and put in the barn. A cultivator is much easier to work with than a rusty one, and when the cultivator teeth are clean and sharp they do better work than when they are rusty. A place for everything and everything in its place is a good plan to follow. To this might be added, see that everything is clean when put in place.

Another matter that should be carefully considered is the use of good quality oil, and to see that the oil or grease goes down into the working parts of the tools. A cultivator or hoe should not be oiled on the outside, but oiled on the inside of the parts so both to work and to prevent rust. It is a good idea to have a few implements used on a farm, but want regular oil on different parts. With some implements there are numerous places to oil, and it is a good idea to have a few implements used on a farm, but want regular oil on different parts. With some implements there are numerous places to oil, and it is a good idea to have a few implements used on a farm, but want regular oil on different parts.

Makes Good Mending Tissue

Milkweed Uses Sticky Juice As Protection And Healer For Wounds

Everyone knows about the sticky juice which gives the milkweed its name. When it is allowed to dry, this sticky juice becomes almost exactly like rubber, as you may have discovered some of it has hardened on your hands or clothes. The milkweed uses it as a mending tissue in an extraordinary fashion. If the plant is injured in any way on stem or leaf or flower stalk, it flows the "milk" to heal the wound by hardening and by keeping out germs. This "liquid rubber" is also used in other ways. For its taste is so bitter that cures and hares and birds will not eat it. The milkweed also uses it for its own protection. It is a very effective way of mending tissue in an extraordinary fashion. If the plant is injured in any way on stem or leaf or flower stalk, it flows the "milk" to heal the wound by hardening and by keeping out germs. This "liquid rubber" is also used in other ways. For its taste is so bitter that cures and hares and birds will not eat it. The milkweed also uses it for its own protection.

Not least important of the milkweed's tricks, he has to do with its seeds. Everyone from the children to the artist admires the beauty of the seed pods and the silky down with them. These seeds are protected by that sticky stuff. It is better than it is quite knowable, and yet it is one of the marvels of the plant. That if the seeds happen to fall on water, they will not sink. That that sticky stuff extends all around each seed and is light as cork. And with such a "life preserver" a milkweed seed usually has no difficulty in riding to dry land and to safety.

As Banks Figure It

One Dollar Deposit Will Become Nearly Three Million In 500 Years

Emilio on La Salle street, Chicago, was latched over the vision of high finance suggested by William Shellenbarger of Holland, Mich. Mr. Shellenbarger had deposited \$1 in the bank of his home town bank and had stipulated that if he left to draw interest, compounded semi-annually, for 500 years. In the year 2127 the resulting fund is to be distributed to his male descendants. If any heirs living in Michigan are to receive 25 cents of the total and those in other states 25 per cent.

C. Edward Jones of the Continental and Commercial Bank and his bookkeeper looked it. After twenty minutes they announced that \$1 will be worth \$2,999,999.99 in 500 years would amount to \$2,999,999.99.

"That's that," said Mr. Jones with satisfaction. "And it's figured as banks really figure interests. We don't compute anything on cents in Michigan, only on dollars, and that's the way the \$2,999,999 total was reached."

See Canada First

Habit Has Not Yet Taken Hold As It Should

"There are still far too many successful business and professional men in the West," says the Calgary Herald, "who know, by travel, more about Europe than they know about their own land, and this is to be regretted." It had run across an outlandish member of the Ontario bench on his first trip west of Ontario, one of Canada's leading business men who had never visited the West and an influential newspaper publisher who had just made his first trip to Western Canada.

The habit of seeing Canada first has not yet taken hold fully, but it is growing. Perhaps one cause of the slowness of the process is the amount of time required to make a worthwhile trip, and many men who are not prompted by business necessity are waiting until they can do the journey justice. It is a fact, however, that most Easterners have spent only a few weeks on the way to the Pacific Coast and back have returned with a new vision of the country's possibilities, many with a realization, as The Herald points out, that they have not been fair to Canada or to themselves by not going. But there is no question that the frontiers are wild and dangerous. The people of the East, even those who have been looking at their own communities, know something about the immensity of the country, the building state of the roads and bank clearances, and realize that the West is far, progressive and grand. And added to this, they have seen the actual picture of the travel and the fact that in a crisis they failed to play their part well. They have seen the actual picture of the travel and the fact that in a crisis they failed to play their part well.

Chinese Are Clever Snaguers

Have Brought Law Breaking Down To A Fine Art

The most subtle snaguers in the world says Robert M. Macdonald in an article in Chamber's Journal, are the Chinese, who long ago brought law breaking down to a fine art. The simple Celestial ways, effects his person, and disappears in a manner the white man cannot emulate, and today pilers the trade of smuggling wherever it pleases him to do so, under the very eyes of those paid to prevent him.

Crossed Channel In Canoe

In a tiny canoe a man of Bonlogne, France, crossed the English Channel from Cap Gris Nez to Dover beach. As he was approaching the Western entrance to Dover harbor, a large steamer passed close by, and the Frenchman, who was only about 15 feet long and unbalanced. The paddler with difficulty got back into the canoe. Large crowds of people greeted him when he landed.

"Derogations, my boy," stated the wealthy capitalist, "is the keynote to fortune."

"Yes," replied the aspiring young college graduate. "And I'll be on my way for the tenth time. May I marry your daughter?"

Nickel Gallon For Minister

Fashioned from solid Canadian nickel this model of a fifth-cent coin was recently handed in ship

most Canadian by Charles G. Galt, of the Express Company and forwarded to the Hon. Charles McCrear, Minister of Mines in the Ontario Government. The ship was manufactured in England at the request of the Minister of Mines, which concern presented it to the Minister of Mines.

Boys Who Made Good

Two British Lads Win Success On Opposite Sides Of World

Side by side in the English newspaper the other day were the stories of two British boys who won success on opposite sides of the world.

Joseph Hatt went out to live in New York at 18, one of a family of six. In four days he obtained work as a laborer, and later started a factory for women's costumes with his brothers. Now, at little over 40, he has been visiting his old home in England at the request of the Ministry of Education.

Henry Holland began life as a pilot boy and lost his arm in an accident at 14. He has died under 50, after being hit-Sheriff of Carmarthen, having a fortune of nearly half a million made in the impulse trade. He left £10,000 to the Swansea Hospital.

Canada's Apple Crop

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And related arguments are apt to come home to roost.

A man aboard exhibits his feelings until after he leaves it.

Weeds Take Toll Of Moisture

Difference Between 34 and 20 Bushels To The Acre On Clean and Infested Land

Particularly in a dry year do weeds reduce the yields of farm crops. The report of the Dominion Field Husbandry for 1924 gives the results of careful soil and moisture investigations in the Prairie Provinces. The experimental work was done chiefly at the Swift Current, Saskatchewan, Experiment Station. The disastrous effects of weed growth are clearly brought out in the statement, which shows that whereas the yield on clean land was 34 bushels per acre, it was only 20 bushels when the land was infested with Russian thistle, and 21½ bushels when stinkweed was competing for the moisture. The same effect, it is shown, may be expected, when weeds are allowed to prevent a wheat crop from reaching the stage of growth. It is clearly pointed out that a heavy loss of available soil moisture occurs when a profuse growth of weeds is allowed to follow summer cultivation.

Better To Face Trouble

Nothing To Admire About People Who Run Away

One would not at the mentality that seeks to evade trouble by running away from it. We don't imagine that many people have ever felt any better by seeking to run away from trouble. They may put quite a degree of mileage between themselves and the actual place where the snailish occurred, but the mental picture of the thing and the fact that in a crisis they failed to play their part well. They have seen the actual picture of the travel and the fact that in a crisis they failed to play their part well.

Where Fires Are Welcome

London Zoo Needs Tremendous Number To Feed Reptiles

Some time ago a popular song asked, with almost monotonous insistence, "Where do flies go in the winter time?"

Apparently the writer of the song never prosecuted his inquiries into this problem. In the Zoo, for he would have been told, "Down the throats of the crocodiles, lizards, chameleons, and other reptiles in the Reptile House."

A tremendous number of flies and other insects are needed to keep these reptiles alive, a number which, of recent months, has grown considerably by reason of the arrival of many new specimens.

To meet the demand the Zoo has had to run its own fly "batches" in London. There, over 100,000 flies are bred, and these are sent to the Reptile House. The flies are kept in large cages, and the cages are kept in a warm place. The flies are kept in large cages, and the cages are kept in a warm place.

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Sponge Is An Animal

Part We Use In Their House Or Skeleton

The common everyday sponge people use in their bathrooms or on their faces, is really in a class by itself. It is neither vegetable nor a species of seaweed, nor is it manufactured by man. It grows, says a scientist in an article in The Times, and it is really an animal.

It lives, eats, digests, and propagates in its own species. It has feeling, too, for it possesses a nervous system.

Its life, while real enough, is peculiar. It is contained in the channels, holes, and cavities of the sponge, but the surrounding material is inorganic and without life. Thus when you use a sponge you hold in your hand the animal's home, or skeleton.

When a sponge is brought up alive out of the sea it bears no resemblance to the sponge of the bath. It is also covered with an outer skin, or membrane, to which the pores appear or disappear at the animal's will. The canals and cavities beneath the outer skin, of course, are the holes in your sponge as bought—

It is dotted throughout with a grey-brown, almost gelatinous substance of the consistency of treacle. This is "skeleton" — the fishermen call it the "milk" of the sponge—and is live matter.

By wonderful processes water is drawn into the sponge, and yields up its life. It is expelled particles of animal and vegetable matter—the food of the sponge. Thus the latter—or, rather, its skeleton—grows slowly and steadily, and eventually detaches itself from its rock-house.

Even if nature did not make the sponge to be used for additional purposes—these are thousands of commercial uses, of course—there is nothing that cleanses the skin as well as the sponge. The "milk" or animal matter on the outside of a sponge, kept right into the pores with a cork-screw motion and removes dirt and impurities in a way that no other material does.

War On Witchcraft

In Olden Times Ignorance and Superstition

People who sigh and lament over "The good old days," says H. M. Forbes in an article on Edinburgh Witch Harnings, which appeared in the Edinburgh " Scotsman," have "little idea of the things which were done as a result of ignorance and superstition."

The manner, for instance, in which witches were treated was perfectly appalling. Scotland's record in this respect, like that of many other countries, is a record of horror.

The denouncing of witches was considered a public service. A number of Edinburgh churches are still decorated with the effigies of witches. These were periodically launched from the pulpit to the effect that any man who was guilty of witchcraft should be hanged. The effigies were carried to the gallows, and the witches were hanged. The effigies were carried to the gallows, and the witches were hanged.

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Illustration Farms In Western Canada

Practical Information Given To Farmers In Districts Served

Thirty-two Illustration Stations are now being operated in Western Canada by the Dominion Experimental Farm System. Eleven of the stations are in Manitoba, twenty in Saskatchewan, fifteen in Alberta, and thirteen in British Columbia. Their purpose is to afford a means of closer co-operation with farmers in districts remote from the Experimental Farms and to carry to them in a practical way the results of the experiments and research work being conducted.

The owner of a farm chosen to be one of the illustration stations sets aside some 10 to 50 acres of his land, on a small rental basis, for demonstration purposes, and carries on such rotations, grows such crops, and performs such cultural practices as are deemed necessary by the officials to stimulate greater and more economic production.

The recent report of the late Chief Superintendent of the Dominion Experimental Farm System, in the person of the man who died on August 31st, gives a very interesting account of the work carried on during 1924. Each station is dealt with separately. In the practice provinces special attention is given to summer fallow and crop rotation. In the prairie provinces, the work is carried on during 1924. Each station is dealt with separately. In the practice provinces special attention is given to summer fallow and crop rotation. In the prairie provinces, the work is carried on during 1924. Each station is dealt with separately. In the practice provinces special attention is given to summer fallow and crop rotation.

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APPLICATION FOR LEASE
OF ROAD ALLOWANCE
OR SURVEYED
HIGHWAY

Notice is hereby given that W. Marsh, of Clareholm, has made application to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, for a lease of the following road allowance or surveyed highway, viz:

Adjoining N.W. 14 Sec. 35, T. 12, R. 28, W. 4, for 12 miles.
Any protest against the granting of the above mentioned lease must be forwarded to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

Dated at Clareholm, Sept. 28, 1927.

W. Marsh, Applicant, Phone No. 2.

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"BAKE-RITE"
flour
LANGSTON & HARVEY
CLARESHOLM
from
SPILLERS
DAYLIGHT MILLS

250 Housewives All Over Alberta Say Spillers "Bake-Rite" Flour Bakes Better Bread

Each of these housewives has baked her own loaves for years. They are unanimous in their judgment that Spillers "Bake-Rite" flour enables them to make "Better Bread."

Read what one housewife says:
"It is by far the best flour I have used in the past 20 years. I intend to use it in the future."
(Original letter on file)

Making the Canadian Dollar Go Farther than Ever Before

IN the purchase of the common commodities of life, the Canadian dollar has decreased in value during the past decade.

But, in the purchase of an automobile, the dollar is now worth one hundred to two hundred per cent more than it was seven to ten years ago—is worth more, in fact, than ever before in history.

While constantly raising the quality standard of its products, General Motors of Canada has increased the purchasing power of the Canadian car-buyer's dollar.

... by the economies of volume purchasing and production,

... by the close co-ordination of resources and facilities,

... by improved labor- and time-saving methods of manufacture,

... by sharing with Canada the savings effected by increased production.

In quality and in value, the Canadian dollar now goes farther than ever before in the purchase of a General Motors car.

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